



Congressional District Small Business Profiles

2026

MISSOURI



The Office of Advocacy at the Small Business Administration was created by Congress in 1976 and provides an independent voice for small business within the executive branch. Appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, Chief Counsel Casey Mulligan directs the office. Chief Counsel Mulligan advances the views, concerns, and interests of small business before Congress, the White House, federal agencies, federal courts, and state policy makers. Regional advocates and an office in Washington, DC, support his efforts.

The statutory mission of the Office of Advocacy includes examining the role of small business in the economy. The Office of Economic Research accomplishes this objective by publishing small business research products and sponsoring and disseminating small business data and statistics. This report uses the latest government data to profile the small businesses in the congressional districts of Missouri. It was prepared by Research Economist Daniel Wilmoth with editorial support by Editor Akira Loring, Senior Editor M. B. Humphrey, and Director of the Office of Information David Tokarz.

This report is part of a series that shows the important roles that small businesses play in congressional districts across the nation. District 1 of Montana, located in the western part of the state, led the nation in small business share of employment, at 70.4 percent. District 12 of New York, located in Manhattan, had the most small businesses with employees, at 51,317. District 32 of California, which includes Malibu and parts of Los Angeles, had the highest self-employment rate, at 19.2 percent. Readers are invited to compare congressional districts to the [nation](#), [states](#), [rural areas](#), and [metropolitan areas](#).

The Office of Advocacy regularly releases other research products, ranging from short fact sheets that use new data to show emerging trends to lengthy reports that use sophisticated statistical techniques to explore complex issues. To learn more about small businesses, regulatory issues, and the Office of Advocacy, visit advocacy.sba.gov.

February 2026

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2026 Small Business Profile

U.S. SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
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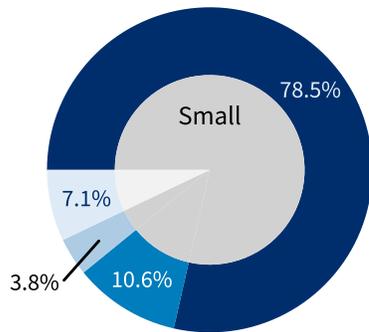
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Missouri Congressional District 1

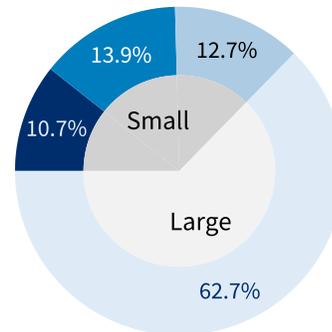


17,718 small businesses with employees
92.9 percent of district employers

190,670 employees of small businesses
37.3 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20
 ■ 20 to 99
 ■ 100 to 499
 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Health Care and Social Assistance	4,651	276	77	124
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,764	201	107	173
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,659	145	46	63
Accommodation and Food Services	1,035	327	42	91
Retail Trade	1,215	135	42	204
Construction	829	169	41	35
Wholesale Trade	531	204	130	205
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	667	112	47	126
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	606	56	29	72
Manufacturing	405	177	64	87
Finance and Insurance	509	49	39	145
Transportation and Warehousing	381	73	47	116
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	227	45	10	13
Educational Services	173	60	22	20
Information	182	30	11	53
Industries not classified	140	0	0	0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	14	21	44	104
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	6	0	0	0
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	*	*	*	*
Utilities	*	*	*	4
All industries	14,980	2,017	721	1,353

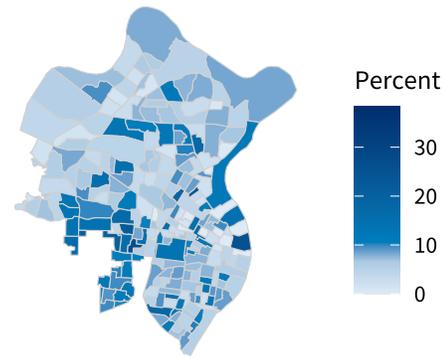
* Not available; Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 8.3 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 2.7 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$71,725, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$52,966. The median income for all workers in the district was \$55,233.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Health Care and Social Assistance	5,004	97.6	31,939	44.0	1,174,028	32.3
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	2,072	92.3	19,510	48.8	1,727,537	45.4
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,850	96.7	13,981	76.2	591,826	76.7
Accommodation and Food Services	1,404	93.9	22,015	58.6	578,832	61.3
Retail Trade	1,392	87.2	11,097	34.8	531,738	46.8
Construction	1,039	96.7	15,833	68.4	1,234,006	59.7
Wholesale Trade	865	80.8	14,903	50.3	1,164,985	42.7
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	826	86.8	10,447	26.5	451,387	25.4
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	691	90.6	4,489	46.9	302,554	40.4
Manufacturing	646	88.1	16,035	32.4	1,044,312	27.1
Finance and Insurance	597	80.5	5,764	18.2	610,676	17.5
Transportation and Warehousing	501	81.2	6,831	26.4	378,387	29.5
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	282	95.6	4,802	64.2	409,465	71.6
Educational Services	255	92.7	7,421	17.3	309,437	10.8
Information	223	80.8	2,788	25.9	191,324	20.2
Industries not classified	140	100.0	118	100.0	2,134	100.0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	79	43.2	2,606	7.1	387,395	7.7
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	6	100.0	26	100.0	1,212	100.0
All industries	17,718	92.9	190,670	37.3	11,096,400	30.7

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

About this profile

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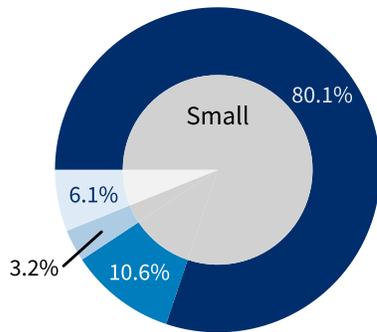
2026 Small Business Profile

Missouri Congressional District 2

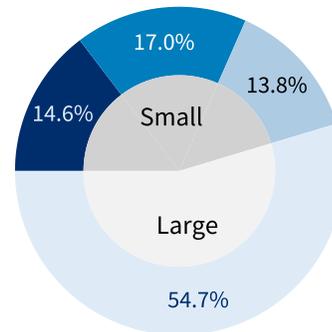


16,501 small businesses with employees
93.9 percent of district employers

170,266 employees of small businesses
45.3 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20
 ■ 20 to 99
 ■ 100 to 499
 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,934	223	67	117
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	2,000	148	53	99
Construction	1,798	175	41	24
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,467	149	32	42
Retail Trade	1,077	196	61	257
Accommodation and Food Services	740	323	55	89
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	951	110	32	75
Finance and Insurance	960	64	48	151
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	891	36	24	42
Wholesale Trade	735	112	52	96
Transportation and Warehousing	492	49	17	34
Manufacturing	345	134	55	60
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	284	71	13	17
Educational Services	226	52	14	12
Information	143	16	6	42
Management of Companies and Enterprises	19	17	34	81
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	22	*	*	0
Industries not classified	16	0	0	0
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	6	5	1	3
Utilities	*	*	*	4
All industries	14,085	1,856	560	1,076

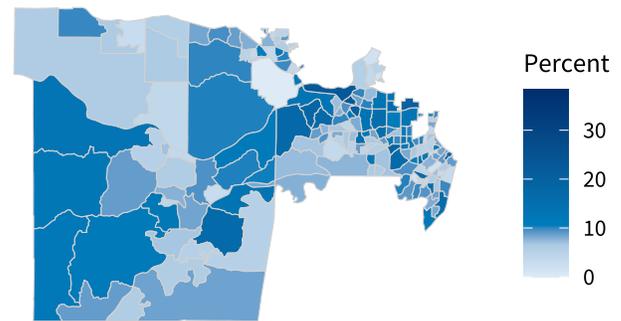
* Not available; Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 9.0 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 4.0 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$102,208, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$61,003. The median income for all workers in the district was \$72,474.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Health Care and Social Assistance	2,224	95.0	22,808	35.7	1,209,587	27.6
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	2,201	95.7	14,309	44.7	1,154,511	38.5
Construction	2,014	98.8	20,378	79.5	1,433,319	76.7
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,648	97.5	13,212	78.9	472,829	76.3
Retail Trade	1,334	83.8	14,858	33.3	730,678	45.7
Accommodation and Food Services	1,118	92.6	20,352	59.7	465,419	58.8
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	1,093	93.6	10,947	59.1	552,082	60.6
Finance and Insurance	1,072	87.7	6,694	21.7	527,168	15.5
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	951	95.8	3,567	60.2	191,330	50.9
Wholesale Trade	899	90.4	9,258	52.1	869,166	60.5
Transportation and Warehousing	558	94.3	4,754	76.5	252,326	74.0
Manufacturing	534	89.9	14,545	56.3	872,260	52.2
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	368	95.6	5,540	62.8	148,205	67.8
Educational Services	292	96.1	5,191	60.1	193,279	64.7
Information	165	79.7	1,729	13.9	144,016	8.4
Management of Companies and Enterprises	70	46.4	1,686	8.0	170,682	7.1
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	23	100.0	83	100.0	2,609	100.0
Industries not classified	16	100.0	13	100.0	430	100.0
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	12	80.0	195	62.3	13,576	63.4
Utilities	6	60.0	147	8.2	16,325	8.0
All industries	16,501	93.9	170,266	45.3	9,419,797	37.3

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

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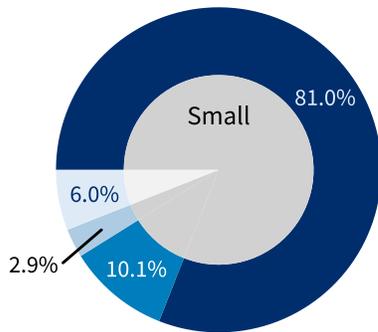
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Missouri Congressional District 3

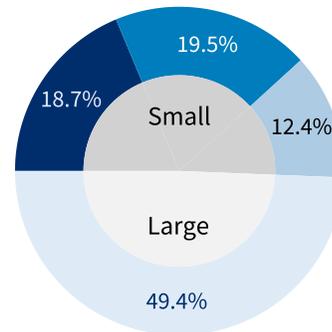


13,835 small businesses with employees
94.0 percent of district employers

129,540 employees of small businesses
50.6 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20
 ■ 20 to 99
 ■ 100 to 499
 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Construction	2,034	130	20	8
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,577	133	17	33
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,252	208	52	110
Retail Trade	1,136	194	46	224
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,255	80	38	50
Accommodation and Food Services	879	316	47	94
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	804	74	25	51
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	717	23	18	40
Finance and Insurance	567	46	36	92
Wholesale Trade	407	75	42	85
Manufacturing	375	88	54	56
Transportation and Warehousing	378	49	15	46
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	259	37	6	12
Educational Services	138	31	6	8
Information	84	17	5	48
Management of Companies and Enterprises	2	16	15	41
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	27	*	*	0
Industries not classified	20	0	0	0
Utilities	7	3	4	6
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	8	*	*	2
All industries	11,918	1,493	424	884

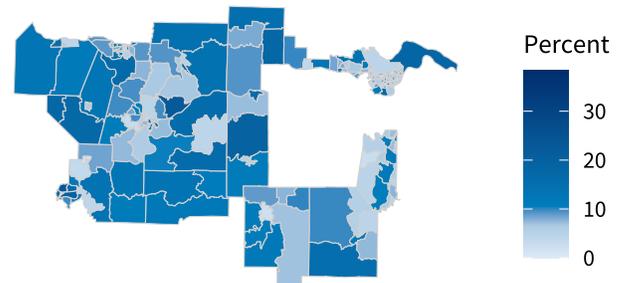
* Not available; Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 8.3 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 3.2 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$75,549, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$49,903. The median income for all workers in the district was \$61,346.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Construction	2,184	99.6	15,548	99.0	951,526	97.8
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,727	98.1	10,960	87.0	381,239	86.4
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,512	93.2	17,524	38.6	709,248	28.9
Retail Trade	1,376	86.0	12,830	31.1	520,874	34.1
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,373	96.5	8,877	81.1	501,650	75.1
Accommodation and Food Services	1,242	93.0	20,745	62.3	436,028	61.2
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	903	94.7	7,570	78.1	320,347	79.9
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	758	95.0	2,539	73.3	118,862	64.9
Finance and Insurance	649	87.6	4,368	30.0	266,873	21.1
Wholesale Trade	524	86.0	5,352	55.6	345,372	56.1
Manufacturing	517	90.2	11,602	39.5	632,488	36.6
Transportation and Warehousing	442	90.6	3,767	38.6	189,121	41.7
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	302	96.2	2,782	69.6	62,878	77.9
Educational Services	175	95.6	2,698	58.5	72,519	51.8
Information	106	68.8	1,096	21.8	62,895	23.6
Management of Companies and Enterprises	33	44.6	397	10.6	37,966	13.0
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	28	100.0	87	100.0	2,756	100.0
Industries not classified	20	100.0	28	100.0	529	100.0
Utilities	14	70.0	537	23.5	46,898	17.4
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	12	85.7	233	79.5	13,845	82.8
All industries	13,835	94.0	129,540	50.6	5,673,914	45.4

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

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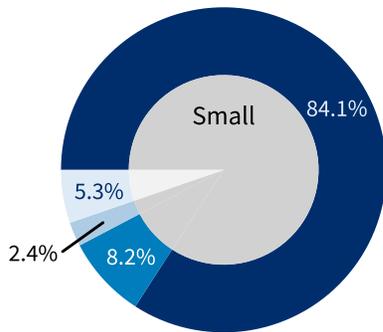
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Missouri Congressional District 4

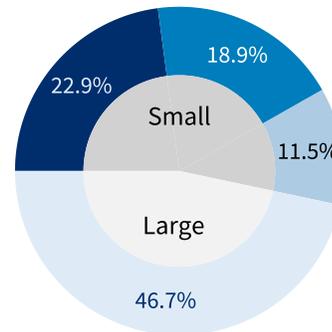


12,818 small businesses with employees
94.7 percent of district employers

102,302 employees of small businesses
53.3 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20
 ■ 20 to 99
 ■ 100 to 499
 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2022](#) (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Construction	2,012	90	8	11
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,711	61	11	24
Retail Trade	1,317	164	43	174
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,049	182	71	99
Accommodation and Food Services	852	214	47	70
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	946	55	17	35
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	689	39	15	33
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	601	19	6	33
Transportation and Warehousing	536	30	7	44
Finance and Insurance	450	49	28	65
Manufacturing	410	87	26	77
Wholesale Trade	346	69	41	73
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	186	16	4	5
Educational Services	99	20	5	5
Information	91	9	8	29
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	47	3	1	0
Utilities	10	9	5	6
Industries not classified	22	0	0	0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	7	6	6	19
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	12	4	0	3
All industries	11,386	1,106	326	715

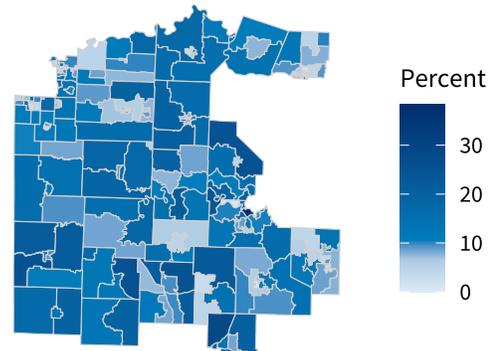
Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2022](#) (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 9.8 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 2.9 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$61,262, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$46,675. The median income for all workers in the district was \$52,005.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Construction	2,110	99.5	11,051	80.6	628,905	79.5
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,783	98.7	7,667	92.3	219,922	89.9
Retail Trade	1,524	89.8	12,569	36.0	472,836	42.1
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,302	92.9	18,037	56.2	745,319	47.7
Accommodation and Food Services	1,113	94.1	15,365	61.9	297,816	62.7
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,018	96.7	5,000	71.8	277,545	59.9
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	743	95.7	4,577	67.0	167,075	71.2
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	626	95.0	2,074	80.2	78,331	75.3
Transportation and Warehousing	573	92.9	2,772	39.2	123,632	39.0
Finance and Insurance	527	89.0	3,975	52.4	228,475	48.1
Manufacturing	523	87.2	8,075	27.2	398,160	25.0
Wholesale Trade	456	86.2	4,640	63.4	252,075	61.9
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	206	97.6	1,550	91.8	36,019	92.8
Educational Services	124	96.1	2,521	64.8	78,246	65.5
Information	108	78.8	943	43.5	37,758	36.4
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	51	100.0	208	100.0	9,031	100.0
Utilities	24	80.0	858	80.4	73,641	70.6
Industries not classified	22	100.0	14	100.0	801	100.0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	19	50.0	268	41.4	18,629	36.8
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	16	84.2	138	70.1	8,183	72.3
All industries	12,818	94.7	102,302	53.3	4,152,399	50.4

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

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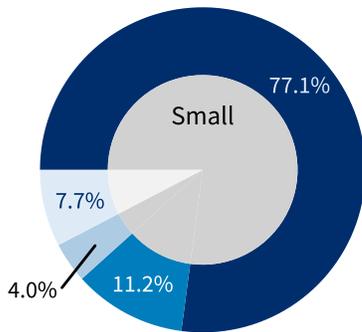
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Missouri Congressional District 5

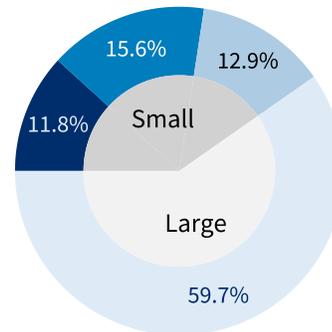


14,680 small businesses with employees
92.3 percent of district employers

163,444 employees of small businesses
40.3 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20 ■ 20 to 99 ■ 100 to 499 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2022](#) (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Health Care and Social Assistance	2,030	226	67	122
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,760	163	78	117
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,555	149	47	54
Construction	1,155	199	34	35
Retail Trade	1,181	129	61	215
Accommodation and Food Services	812	338	59	107
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	715	91	36	94
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	717	47	41	57
Wholesale Trade	467	128	70	172
Finance and Insurance	545	35	37	146
Manufacturing	392	125	46	78
Transportation and Warehousing	344	53	35	77
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	228	43	11	17
Educational Services	185	50	25	12
Information	139	31	11	44
Management of Companies and Enterprises	11	15	35	61
Industries not classified	26	*	*	0
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	4	*	*	0
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	4	*	*	3
Utilities	*	*	*	4
All industries	12,256	1,784	640	1,217

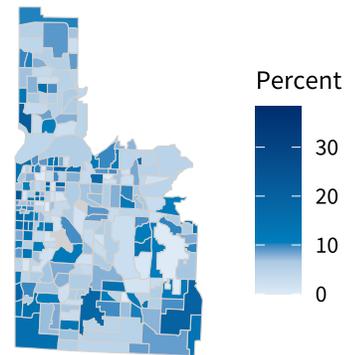
* Not available; Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2022](#) (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 7.5 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 2.5 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$63,732, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$51,596. The median income for all workers in the district was \$55,322.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Health Care and Social Assistance	2,323	95.0	23,244	37.3	1,188,290	30.0
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	2,001	94.5	16,123	31.7	1,394,255	26.9
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,751	97.0	14,568	73.1	552,653	72.2
Construction	1,388	97.5	17,210	64.2	1,276,697	55.9
Retail Trade	1,371	86.4	12,747	34.4	533,566	41.3
Accommodation and Food Services	1,209	91.9	21,470	57.5	537,653	57.5
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	842	90.0	8,521	38.5	388,386	37.2
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	805	93.4	4,215	65.6	293,392	62.2
Wholesale Trade	665	79.5	8,686	29.2	641,810	39.9
Finance and Insurance	617	80.9	5,143	19.1	436,796	15.6
Manufacturing	563	87.8	12,432	34.5	737,956	25.2
Transportation and Warehousing	432	84.9	4,190	40.6	241,797	42.7
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	282	94.3	3,886	48.1	138,193	20.1
Educational Services	260	95.6	6,646	80.8	260,963	76.8
Information	181	80.4	2,722	29.8	254,220	28.5
Management of Companies and Enterprises	61	50.0	1,389	12.1	134,822	9.6
Industries not classified	28	100.0	86	100.0	4,088	100.0
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	5	100.0	37	100.0	662	100.0
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	5	62.5	51	36.7	4,314	29.0
Utilities	4	50.0	78	2.9	6,267	1.8
All industries	14,680	92.3	163,444	40.3	9,026,780	32.8

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

About this profile

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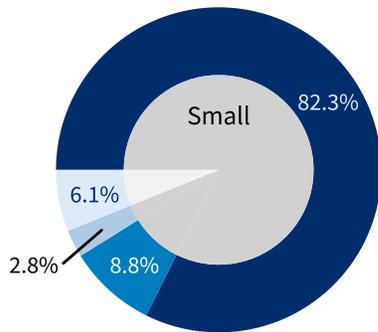
2026 Small Business Profile

Missouri Congressional District 6

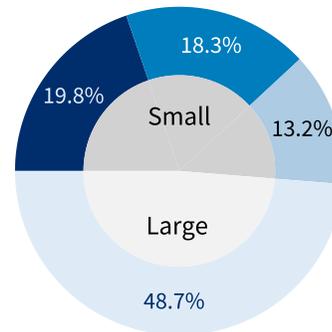


13,130 small businesses with employees
93.9 percent of district employers

114,099 employees of small businesses
51.3 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20
 ■ 20 to 99
 ■ 100 to 499
 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,829	73	15	32
Construction	1,685	99	9	14
Retail Trade	1,260	173	51	161
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,175	204	75	108
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,048	46	22	30
Accommodation and Food Services	782	224	42	85
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	651	49	13	51
Finance and Insurance	582	61	25	88
Transportation and Warehousing	574	47	20	91
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	596	14	17	34
Wholesale Trade	389	80	45	99
Manufacturing	365	88	39	89
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	225	23	5	8
Educational Services	114	25	10	6
Information	114	20	12	32
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	61	*	*	0
Industries not classified	41	0	0	0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	8	17	12	21
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	19	5	2	4
Utilities	7	12	3	12
All industries	11,516	1,229	385	855

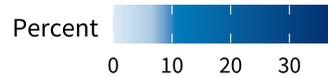
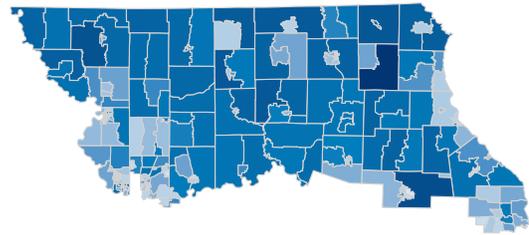
* Not available; Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 9.3 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 3.0 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$61,416, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$59,942. The median income for all workers in the district was \$56,448.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,917	98.4	9,436	90.5	276,390	86.0
Construction	1,793	99.2	10,171	87.6	651,322	77.7
Retail Trade	1,484	90.2	13,191	36.3	498,452	45.1
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,454	93.1	18,722	52.2	763,584	41.3
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,116	97.4	5,162	75.6	268,598	68.7
Accommodation and Food Services	1,048	92.5	14,829	60.2	292,229	58.9
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	713	93.3	6,084	58.7	183,768	53.9
Finance and Insurance	668	88.4	5,196	63.7	299,783	57.7
Transportation and Warehousing	641	87.6	4,995	32.2	241,439	35.4
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	627	94.9	1,892	76.3	79,020	70.6
Wholesale Trade	514	83.8	6,376	63.2	417,667	64.3
Manufacturing	492	84.7	9,049	26.3	489,725	23.5
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	253	96.9	2,168	65.1	39,217	63.2
Educational Services	149	96.1	3,354	72.0	78,653	55.7
Information	146	82.0	1,563	57.0	84,317	63.7
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	64	100.0	233	100.0	9,601	100.0
Industries not classified	41	100.0	35	100.0	529	100.0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	37	63.8	683	25.6	40,908	14.1
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	26	86.7	266	54.5	15,477	53.2
Utilities	22	64.7	694	44.1	64,164	37.4
All industries	13,130	93.9	114,099	51.3	4,794,843	46.9

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

About this profile

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2026 Small Business Profile

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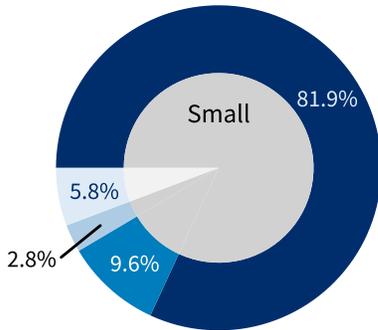
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Missouri Congressional District 7

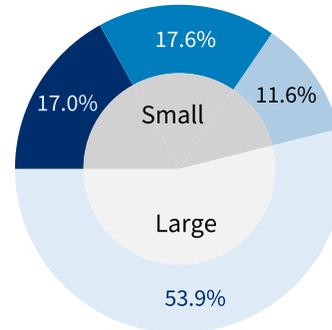


14,883 small businesses with employees
94.2 percent of district employers

140,967 employees of small businesses
46.1 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20
 ■ 20 to 99
 ■ 100 to 499
 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,846	129	17	27
Construction	1,751	148	20	17
Retail Trade	1,517	174	54	226
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,299	84	31	35
Accommodation and Food Services	1,049	304	49	93
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,184	166	42	91
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	896	25	13	45
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	738	73	23	73
Finance and Insurance	623	39	32	93
Transportation and Warehousing	589	69	28	70
Manufacturing	470	101	48	84
Wholesale Trade	387	108	65	133
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	269	58	11	10
Educational Services	113	25	10	7
Information	123	15	9	40
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	41	*	*	0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	7	14	21	36
Industries not classified	33	0	0	0
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	7	8	3	1
Utilities	9	4	3	6
All industries	12,934	1,513	436	910

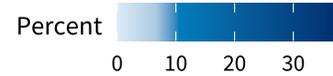
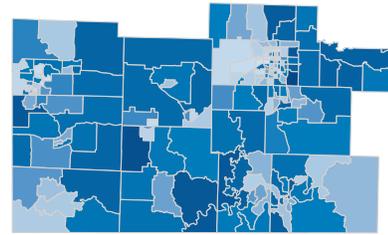
* Not available; Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 9.8 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 3.8 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$52,031, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$49,205. The median income for all workers in the district was \$50,373.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,992	98.7	12,906	91.6	407,832	89.5
Construction	1,919	99.1	13,536	95.6	748,750	93.8
Retail Trade	1,745	88.5	14,897	34.5	544,695	37.8
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,414	97.6	8,934	76.3	537,600	68.3
Accommodation and Food Services	1,402	93.8	22,563	61.2	486,770	57.5
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,392	93.9	16,501	31.8	692,001	22.7
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	934	95.4	3,356	54.2	145,135	51.7
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	834	92.0	7,435	45.1	277,046	46.6
Finance and Insurance	694	88.2	4,705	47.9	281,975	40.9
Transportation and Warehousing	686	90.7	6,090	31.8	301,151	30.2
Manufacturing	619	88.1	12,944	32.8	664,371	30.9
Wholesale Trade	560	80.8	7,192	48.2	430,759	44.5
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	338	97.1	4,364	71.2	104,582	65.8
Educational Services	148	95.5	2,570	59.6	78,239	64.3
Information	147	78.6	1,223	21.3	60,029	19.3
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	42	100.0	133	100.0	4,102	100.0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	42	53.8	855	8.8	57,754	7.0
Industries not classified	33	100.0	41	100.0	410	100.0
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	18	94.7	337	87.3	19,289	83.9
Utilities	16	72.7	385	27.1	33,238	23.6
All industries	14,883	94.2	140,967	46.1	5,875,728	40.1

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

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2026 Small Business Profile

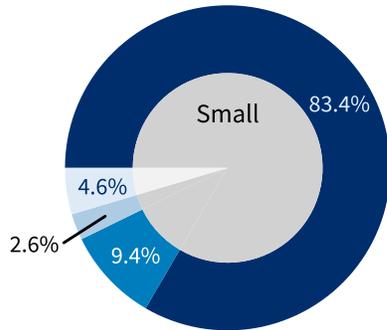
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Missouri Congressional District 8

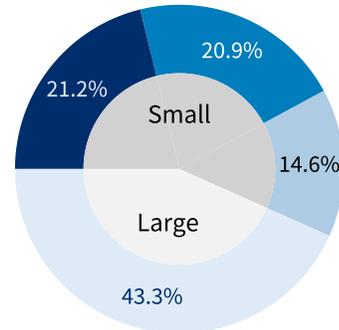


13,399 small businesses with employees
95.4 percent of district employers



Employers by size

124,369 employees of small businesses
56.7 percent of district employees



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20
 ■ 20 to 99
 ■ 100 to 499
 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2022](#) (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,564	258	77	85
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,691	87	12	19
Retail Trade	1,473	192	41	143
Construction	1,580	98	9	11
Accommodation and Food Services	833	236	42	68
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	849	51	15	23
Transportation and Warehousing	692	58	12	51
Manufacturing	538	119	51	68
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	604	30	10	31
Finance and Insurance	480	47	29	66
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	514	17	14	28
Wholesale Trade	367	85	45	82
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	155	14	4	8
Educational Services	89	13	3	6
Information	78	14	9	27
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	89	4	0	2
Industries not classified	83	0	0	0
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	37	7	6	7
Management of Companies and Enterprises	7	14	21	24
Utilities	7	7	5	9
All industries	11,717	1,315	367	648

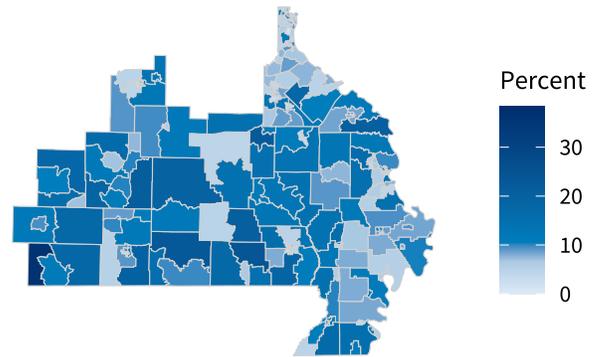
Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2022](#) (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 9.0 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 2.9 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$47,970, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$41,011. The median income for all workers in the district was \$50,070.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,899	95.7	27,214	54.6	985,633	42.6
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,790	98.9	9,199	91.6	271,710	89.7
Retail Trade	1,706	92.3	14,852	41.4	533,593	47.6
Construction	1,687	99.4	10,926	89.9	642,660	90.6
Accommodation and Food Services	1,111	94.2	16,857	67.9	309,320	66.2
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	915	97.5	4,995	92.0	230,998	84.2
Transportation and Warehousing	762	93.7	5,071	55.4	240,919	52.0
Manufacturing	708	91.2	13,664	41.2	668,119	37.9
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	644	95.4	3,751	50.0	131,822	55.3
Finance and Insurance	556	89.4	4,520	58.1	241,031	53.0
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	545	95.1	2,093	80.3	87,463	78.1
Wholesale Trade	497	85.8	5,346	55.8	299,013	54.8
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	173	95.6	1,019	58.1	23,974	53.2
Educational Services	105	94.6	926	85.3	21,427	79.9
Information	101	78.9	1,258	48.5	58,461	43.4
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	93	97.9	407	76.1	19,752	73.1
Industries not classified	83	100.0	77	100.0	982	100.0
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	50	87.7	834	48.0	53,822	41.7
Management of Companies and Enterprises	42	63.6	594	26.5	49,831	33.2
Utilities	19	67.9	766	51.3	62,410	45.1
All industries	13,399	95.4	124,369	56.7	4,932,940	52.4

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

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Technical Notes

Classification of businesses

A single business may encompass multiple establishments if it operates at multiple locations. A business is classified as small in these profiles if it employs fewer than 500 employees across all establishments. Classification by industry is made at the establishment level, so a business encompassing multiple establishments may participate in multiple industries. A business participating in multiple industries would be included in the total for each industry, so the sum of businesses across industries may exceed the total number of businesses. Boundaries for congressional districts correspond to the 119th Congress, which began on January 3, 2025.

Data

All data used in these profiles are publicly available and published online. Data and associated technical documentation can be accessed using the hyperlinks in the source notes for each feature. Years indicated in source notes are the years the data describe, which may not match the naming convention used by the data publisher. Where no year is listed, data from multiple years were used.

Statistics from the American Community Survey describing self-employment represent the population age 16 years and over. Self-employment rates were estimated using values from Table B24080. The total numbers of private workers used in the calculations were the numbers of “private for-profit wage and salary workers” in the table. Median incomes are from Table S2419 and include only income from labor, called “earnings” in the table. Statistics in the text are from 2024 one-year data while values shown in the maps are from 2023 five-year data.

Values were imputed for some features when published data were missing or obviously erroneous. A source note that begins “Source:” indicates that statistics in a feature are as reported by the source, with no imputation. A source note that begins “Source of original data:” indicates that the feature includes an imputed value for at least one profile.

Software

The profiles were created using R with formatting through HTML and CSS. Data visualizations were primarily created using the ggplot2 package in R. Tables were primarily created using the knitr and gt packages. Elements were combined into an HTML document using the knitr package. A PDF document was created from the HTML document using Prince XML.

Rounding

Numbers in these profiles have been rounded if they include a decimal point, with the number of digits after the decimal point indicating the precision preserved under rounding. Numbers ending in 5 were rounded up. For example, 1.05 would be rounded to 1.1, while 1.04 would be rounded to 1.0.

Contact

Any additional information that may be helpful for interpreting or reproducing the analysis is available by request. The SBA Office of Advocacy can be contacted at advocacy@sba.gov.