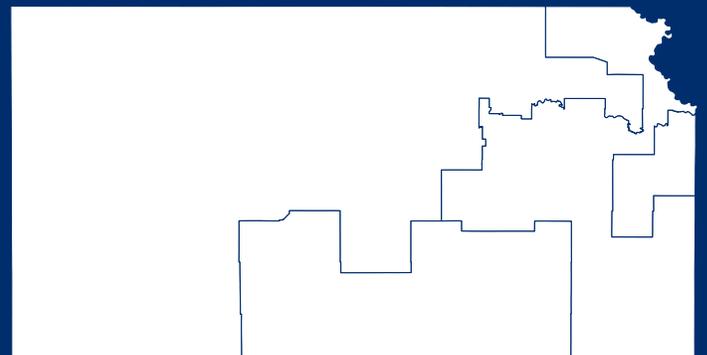




Congressional District Small Business Profiles

2026

KANSAS



The Office of Advocacy at the Small Business Administration was created by Congress in 1976 and provides an independent voice for small business within the executive branch. Appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, Chief Counsel Casey Mulligan directs the office. Chief Counsel Mulligan advances the views, concerns, and interests of small business before Congress, the White House, federal agencies, federal courts, and state policy makers. Regional advocates and an office in Washington, DC, support his efforts.

The statutory mission of the Office of Advocacy includes examining the role of small business in the economy. The Office of Economic Research accomplishes this objective by publishing small business research products and sponsoring and disseminating small business data and statistics. This report uses the latest government data to profile the small businesses in the congressional districts of Kansas. It was prepared by Research Economist Daniel Wilmoth with editorial support by Editor Akira Loring, Senior Editor M. B. Humphrey, and Director of the Office of Information David Tokarz.

This report is part of a series that shows the important roles that small businesses play in congressional districts across the nation. District 1 of Montana, located in the western part of the state, led the nation in small business share of employment, at 70.4 percent. District 12 of New York, located in Manhattan, had the most small businesses with employees, at 51,317. District 32 of California, which includes Malibu and parts of Los Angeles, had the highest self-employment rate, at 19.2 percent. Readers are invited to compare congressional districts to the [nation](#), [states](#), [rural areas](#), and [metropolitan areas](#).

The Office of Advocacy regularly releases other research products, ranging from short fact sheets that use new data to show emerging trends to lengthy reports that use sophisticated statistical techniques to explore complex issues. To learn more about small businesses, regulatory issues, and the Office of Advocacy, visit advocacy.sba.gov.

February 2026

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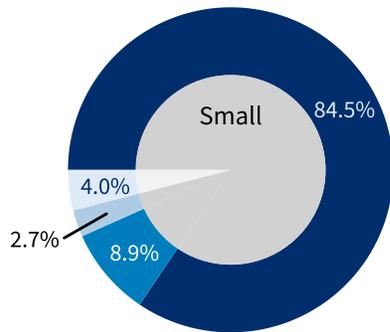
2026 Small Business Profile

Kansas Congressional District 1

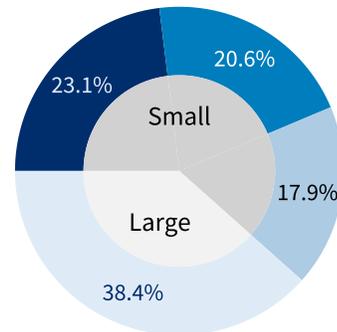


16,063 small businesses with employees
96.0 percent of district employers

153,716 employees of small businesses
61.6 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20
 ■ 20 to 99
 ■ 100 to 499
 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2022](#) (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Other Services (except Public Administration)	2,326	87	13	22
Construction	1,895	92	11	16
Retail Trade	1,701	207	52	141
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,205	206	100	77
Accommodation and Food Services	1,072	288	45	71
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,193	78	28	38
Finance and Insurance	787	87	34	66
Transportation and Warehousing	731	32	19	59
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	643	64	16	30
Wholesale Trade	508	134	52	87
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	648	15	18	25
Manufacturing	409	116	59	79
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	347	18	6	6
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	262	33	3	5
Information	143	27	12	25
Educational Services	139	18	10	3
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	99	6	1	0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	9	28	23	14
Utilities	12	9	4	14
Industries not classified	21	0	0	0
All industries	14,134	1,482	447	673

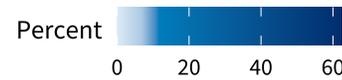
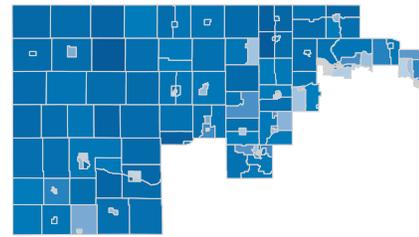
Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2022](#) (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 11.3 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, above the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 4.0 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$58,569, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$49,348. The median income for all workers in the district was \$51,970.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	2,426	99.1	11,419	95.8	345,210	94.5
Construction	1,998	99.2	12,042	93.4	667,272	91.2
Retail Trade	1,960	93.3	17,428	47.1	598,932	53.8
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,511	95.2	28,029	63.7	1,195,912	56.9
Accommodation and Food Services	1,405	95.2	19,846	66.7	335,730	62.8
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,299	97.2	7,687	87.2	450,266	86.1
Finance and Insurance	908	93.2	7,565	77.0	458,613	73.8
Transportation and Warehousing	782	93.0	3,880	45.2	191,977	41.3
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	723	96.0	5,472	63.8	220,256	69.3
Wholesale Trade	694	88.9	9,538	72.4	555,084	70.5
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	681	96.5	2,520	85.8	100,753	79.2
Manufacturing	584	88.1	14,650	33.8	799,751	27.9
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	371	98.4	2,170	84.4	129,629	79.2
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	298	98.3	2,725	81.2	52,744	82.9
Information	182	87.9	2,633	62.9	140,217	58.0
Educational Services	167	98.2	3,230	98.6	73,758	95.5
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	106	100.0	501	100.0	27,655	100.0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	60	81.1	1,046	43.8	74,241	38.6
Utilities	25	64.1	1,308	54.6	132,879	54.6
Industries not classified	21	100.0	27	100.0	699	100.0
All industries	16,063	96.0	153,716	61.6	6,551,578	56.6

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

About this profile

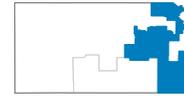
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2026 Small Business Profile

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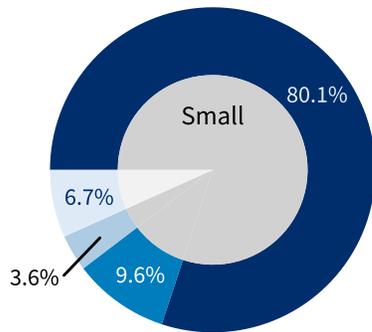
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Kansas Congressional District 2

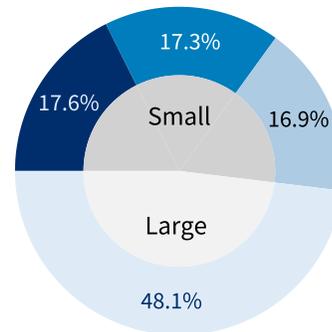


11,700 small businesses with employees
93.3 percent of district employers

120,786 employees of small businesses
51.9 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20 ■ 20 to 99 ■ 100 to 499 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,630	89	23	32
Construction	1,392	102	19	19
Retail Trade	1,216	144	46	165
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,063	173	90	106
Accommodation and Food Services	835	215	46	80
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	875	67	22	46
Finance and Insurance	544	50	34	74
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	499	55	16	61
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	488	19	17	26
Manufacturing	355	104	63	103
Transportation and Warehousing	390	48	25	61
Wholesale Trade	275	84	49	89
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	152	20	6	7
Educational Services	92	23	9	8
Information	94	17	10	42
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	81	12	1	2
Management of Companies and Enterprises	11	20	16	17
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	32	*	*	0
Industries not classified	25	0	0	0
Utilities	5	5	3	12
All industries	10,044	1,200	456	844

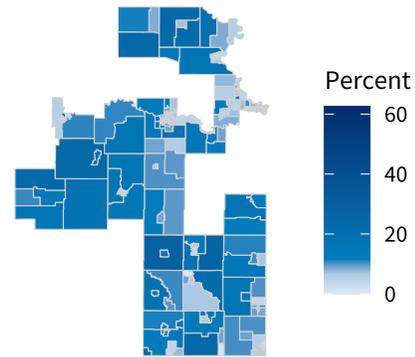
* Not available; Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 8.1 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 2.7 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$62,604, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$49,415. The median income for all workers in the district was \$51,722.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,742	98.2	9,749	93.0	319,707	88.6
Construction	1,513	98.8	10,819	74.2	644,648	62.2
Retail Trade	1,406	89.5	11,596	39.4	393,872	43.5
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,326	92.6	22,052	48.1	909,724	39.5
Accommodation and Food Services	1,096	93.2	13,789	61.9	251,043	60.2
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	964	95.4	5,917	79.8	332,729	74.9
Finance and Insurance	628	89.5	6,270	59.0	406,500	49.5
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	570	90.3	5,248	51.7	208,146	57.3
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	524	95.3	2,024	74.3	79,624	67.6
Manufacturing	522	83.5	14,404	34.8	788,405	31.8
Transportation and Warehousing	463	88.4	4,221	38.9	217,174	36.7
Wholesale Trade	408	82.1	5,808	60.0	338,899	53.8
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	178	96.2	1,984	77.6	47,602	80.4
Educational Services	124	93.9	3,232	65.9	90,164	71.2
Information	121	74.2	1,404	42.9	64,787	33.3
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	94	97.9	846	96.9	48,386	98.8
Management of Companies and Enterprises	47	73.4	891	39.1	59,527	29.4
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	35	100.0	218	100.0	12,033	100.0
Industries not classified	25	100.0	19	100.0	1,086	100.0
Utilities	13	52.0	295	9.6	28,951	8.9
All industries	11,700	93.3	120,786	51.9	5,243,007	45.8

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

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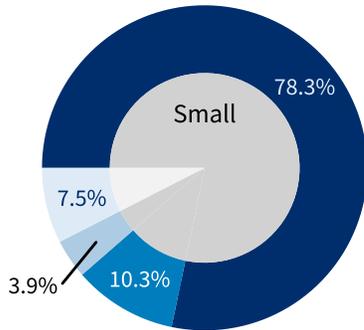
2026 Small Business Profile

Kansas Congressional District 3

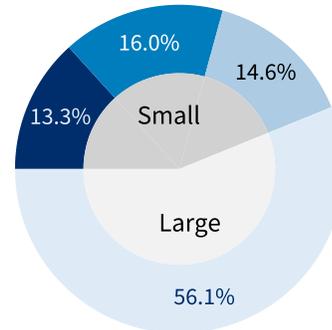


16,559 small businesses with employees
92.5 percent of district employers

176,967 employees of small businesses
43.9 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20
 ■ 20 to 99
 ■ 100 to 499
 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2022](#) (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	2,498	197	79	136
Construction	1,803	190	28	44
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,569	232	67	117
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,394	134	33	34
Retail Trade	1,098	124	65	243
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	934	135	54	99
Finance and Insurance	958	76	56	195
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	976	38	36	62
Wholesale Trade	756	155	96	200
Accommodation and Food Services	627	308	56	101
Transportation and Warehousing	363	69	38	100
Manufacturing	304	92	61	74
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	242	32	17	14
Educational Services	211	43	10	13
Information	203	27	17	61
Management of Companies and Enterprises	25	20	33	90
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	39	*	*	2
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	13	0	0	0
Industries not classified	13	0	0	0
Utilities	*	*	*	6
All industries	14,013	1,847	699	1,345

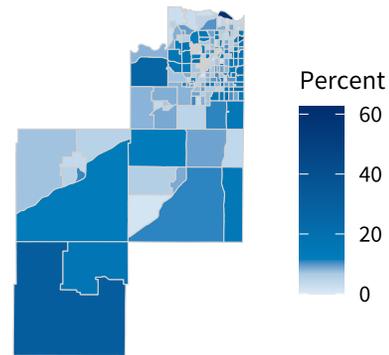
* Not available; Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2022](#) (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 9.2 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 4.7 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$100,095, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$57,218. The median income for all workers in the district was \$71,700.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	2,774	95.3	19,247	48.6	1,656,238	44.5
Construction	2,021	97.9	16,444	64.6	1,125,641	60.7
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,868	94.1	22,926	41.1	1,258,000	35.7
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,561	97.9	13,742	89.5	515,118	90.4
Retail Trade	1,287	84.1	11,979	28.1	521,767	34.2
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	1,123	91.9	14,919	54.4	787,219	51.5
Finance and Insurance	1,090	84.8	9,174	28.1	894,122	29.6
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	1,050	94.4	4,778	74.2	277,434	72.1
Wholesale Trade	1,007	83.4	12,083	44.6	988,728	45.0
Accommodation and Food Services	991	90.8	20,001	61.2	468,618	62.3
Transportation and Warehousing	470	82.5	6,682	19.7	337,013	20.4
Manufacturing	457	86.1	11,929	39.7	756,070	32.9
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	291	95.4	4,071	71.5	108,986	68.8
Educational Services	264	95.3	4,386	72.4	132,872	58.3
Information	247	80.2	2,773	23.6	262,414	18.2
Management of Companies and Enterprises	78	46.4	1,536	15.1	164,147	13.7
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	40	95.2	245	83.6	12,864	73.0
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	13	100.0	28	100.0	773	100.0
Industries not classified	13	100.0	14	100.0	1,054	100.0
All industries	16,559	92.5	176,967	43.9	10,272,482	39.3

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

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2026 Small Business Profile

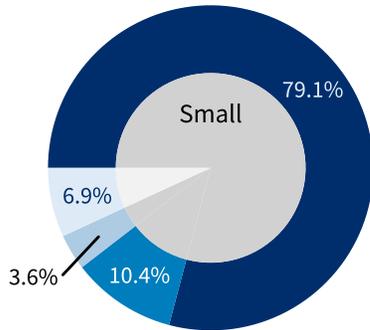
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Kansas Congressional District 4

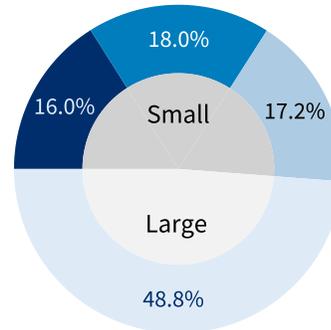


12,947 small businesses with employees
93.1 percent of district employers



Employers by size

146,051 employees of small businesses
51.2 percent of district employees



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20
 ■ 20 to 99
 ■ 100 to 499
 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,640	101	17	36
Construction	1,464	151	33	25
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,176	224	77	91
Retail Trade	1,127	147	47	198
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,145	76	41	63
Accommodation and Food Services	782	228	37	85
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	672	74	29	69
Finance and Insurance	582	60	33	84
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	613	21	20	38
Manufacturing	424	134	62	81
Wholesale Trade	355	113	59	145
Transportation and Warehousing	363	55	34	77
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	223	12	1	4
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	169	28	7	9
Educational Services	112	25	13	12
Information	98	17	13	34
Management of Companies and Enterprises	10	18	24	57
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	29	*	*	0
Industries not classified	23	0	0	0
Utilities	7	2	5	10
All industries	11,002	1,447	498	958

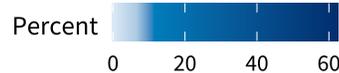
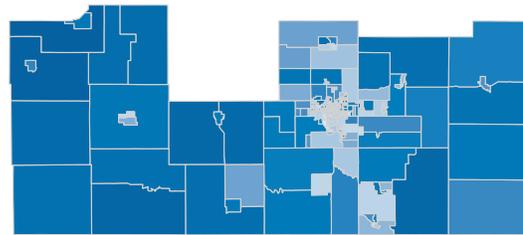
* Not available; Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 7.9 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 2.9 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$66,502, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$50,836. The median income for all workers in the district was \$55,910.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,758	98.0	10,746	88.3	314,187	84.7
Construction	1,648	98.5	15,480	88.3	910,195	85.3
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,477	94.2	26,308	56.6	1,289,098	53.6
Retail Trade	1,321	87.0	12,799	36.5	522,968	44.6
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,262	95.2	8,846	68.6	559,117	63.7
Accommodation and Food Services	1,047	92.5	17,157	54.6	332,845	54.7
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	775	91.8	7,478	49.4	288,978	51.6
Finance and Insurance	675	88.9	5,233	57.7	308,667	47.2
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	654	94.5	2,802	78.1	127,993	75.9
Manufacturing	620	88.4	16,390	31.3	908,480	23.4
Wholesale Trade	527	78.4	6,830	58.6	421,781	46.7
Transportation and Warehousing	452	85.4	5,009	42.9	301,459	44.5
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	236	98.3	1,350	98.0	97,549	98.1
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	204	95.8	2,352	55.5	53,755	57.2
Educational Services	150	92.6	4,318	69.8	122,034	59.7
Information	128	79.0	1,546	29.9	80,781	28.7
Management of Companies and Enterprises	52	47.7	863	11.3	76,120	7.2
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	30	100.0	108	100.0	5,143	100.0
Industries not classified	23	100.0	25	100.0	524	100.0
Utilities	14	58.3	411	28.3	28,546	22.7
All industries	12,947	93.1	146,051	51.2	6,750,220	44.3

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

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Technical Notes

Classification of businesses

A single business may encompass multiple establishments if it operates at multiple locations. A business is classified as small in these profiles if it employs fewer than 500 employees across all establishments. Classification by industry is made at the establishment level, so a business encompassing multiple establishments may participate in multiple industries. A business participating in multiple industries would be included in the total for each industry, so the sum of businesses across industries may exceed the total number of businesses. Boundaries for congressional districts correspond to the 119th Congress, which began on January 3, 2025.

Data

All data used in these profiles are publicly available and published online. Data and associated technical documentation can be accessed using the hyperlinks in the source notes for each feature. Years indicated in source notes are the years the data describe, which may not match the naming convention used by the data publisher. Where no year is listed, data from multiple years were used.

Statistics from the American Community Survey describing self-employment represent the population age 16 years and over. Self-employment rates were estimated using values from Table B24080. The total numbers of private workers used in the calculations were the numbers of “private for-profit wage and salary workers” in the table. Median incomes are from Table S2419 and include only income from labor, called “earnings” in the table. Statistics in the text are from 2024 one-year data while values shown in the maps are from 2023 five-year data.

Values were imputed for some features when published data were missing or obviously erroneous. A source note that begins “Source:” indicates that statistics in a feature are as reported by the source, with no imputation. A source note that begins “Source of original data:” indicates that the feature includes an imputed value for at least one profile.

Software

The profiles were created using R with formatting through HTML and CSS. Data visualizations were primarily created using the ggplot2 package in R. Tables were primarily created using the knitr and gt packages. Elements were combined into an HTML document using the knitr package. A PDF document was created from the HTML document using Prince XML.

Rounding

Numbers in these profiles have been rounded if they include a decimal point, with the number of digits after the decimal point indicating the precision preserved under rounding. Numbers ending in 5 were rounded up. For example, 1.05 would be rounded to 1.1, while 1.04 would be rounded to 1.0.

Contact

Any additional information that may be helpful for interpreting or reproducing the analysis is available by request. The SBA Office of Advocacy can be contacted at advocacy@sba.gov.