



Congressional District Small Business Profiles

2026

ALABAMA



The Office of Advocacy at the Small Business Administration was created by Congress in 1976 and provides an independent voice for small business within the executive branch. Appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, Chief Counsel Casey Mulligan directs the office. Chief Counsel Mulligan advances the views, concerns, and interests of small business before Congress, the White House, federal agencies, federal courts, and state policy makers. Regional advocates and an office in Washington, DC, support his efforts.

The statutory mission of the Office of Advocacy includes examining the role of small business in the economy. The Office of Economic Research accomplishes this objective by publishing small business research products and sponsoring and disseminating small business data and statistics. This report uses the latest government data to profile the small businesses in the congressional districts of Alabama. It was prepared by Research Economist Daniel Wilmoth with editorial support by Editor Akira Loring, Senior Editor M. B. Humphrey, and Director of the Office of Information David Tokarz.

This report is part of a series that shows the important roles that small businesses play in congressional districts across the nation. District 1 of Montana, located in the western part of the state, led the nation in small business share of employment, at 70.4 percent. District 12 of New York, located in Manhattan, had the most small businesses with employees, at 51,317. District 32 of California, which includes Malibu and parts of Los Angeles, had the highest self-employment rate, at 19.2 percent. Readers are invited to compare congressional districts to the [nation](#), [states](#), [rural areas](#), and [metropolitan areas](#).

The Office of Advocacy regularly releases other research products, ranging from short fact sheets that use new data to show emerging trends to lengthy reports that use sophisticated statistical techniques to explore complex issues. To learn more about small businesses, regulatory issues, and the Office of Advocacy, visit advocacy.sba.gov.

February 2026

Table of Contents

Alabama Congressional District 1	1
Alabama Congressional District 2	3
Alabama Congressional District 3	5
Alabama Congressional District 4	7
Alabama Congressional District 5	9
Alabama Congressional District 6	11
Alabama Congressional District 7	13
Technical Notes.....	15

2026 Small Business Profile

U.S. SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
OFFICE OF ADVOCACY

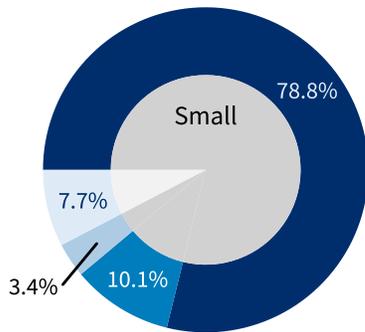
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Alabama Congressional District 1

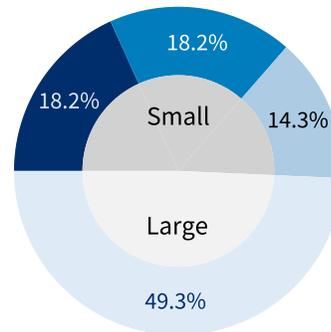


12,254 small businesses with employees
92.3 percent of district employers

122,468 employees of small businesses
50.7 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20
 ■ 20 to 99
 ■ 100 to 499
 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2022](#) (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Retail Trade	1,402	146	39	215
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,455	101	18	38
Construction	1,370	135	33	29
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,196	81	30	79
Accommodation and Food Services	747	256	36	86
Health Care and Social Assistance	845	139	48	73
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	749	29	26	57
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	618	89	28	71
Wholesale Trade	415	109	75	148
Transportation and Warehousing	407	71	36	89
Finance and Insurance	426	25	36	100
Manufacturing	317	92	42	63
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	167	28	8	6
Educational Services	108	19	11	7
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	113	8	2	3
Information	79	10	6	40
Management of Companies and Enterprises	9	13	8	39
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	18	5	1	4
Utilities	16	3	1	5
Industries not classified	14	0	0	0
All industries	10,463	1,334	457	1,016

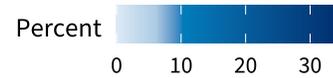
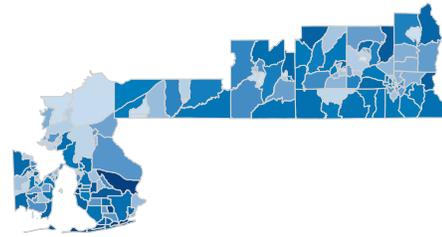
Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2022](#) (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 11.8 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, above the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 4.8 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$70,241, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$50,000. The median income for all workers in the district was \$54,977.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Retail Trade	1,587	88.1	12,504	33.7	534,056	42.8
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,574	97.6	10,211	90.9	307,701	88.4
Construction	1,538	98.1	13,532	67.1	778,603	70.7
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,307	94.3	8,395	67.6	564,436	59.6
Accommodation and Food Services	1,039	92.4	16,697	54.7	374,403	55.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,032	93.4	15,501	48.8	815,948	47.2
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	804	93.4	3,119	54.8	142,519	44.1
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	735	91.2	8,372	43.7	346,918	42.6
Wholesale Trade	599	80.2	6,848	57.8	455,740	56.7
Transportation and Warehousing	514	85.2	5,912	44.7	307,915	47.9
Finance and Insurance	487	83.0	3,231	42.6	200,400	30.5
Manufacturing	451	87.7	9,337	38.3	548,810	28.9
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	203	97.1	2,620	85.3	67,472	89.8
Educational Services	138	95.2	3,336	74.7	115,043	71.2
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	123	97.6	922	94.8	40,751	89.4
Information	95	70.4	753	26.5	39,434	23.0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	30	43.5	328	10.6	30,051	8.3
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	24	85.7	382	88.0	24,437	75.3
Utilities	20	80.0	454	27.8	35,200	22.2
Industries not classified	14	100.0	14	100.0	675	100.0
All industries	12,254	92.3	122,468	50.7	5,730,512	47.0

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

About this profile

Small businesses are defined here as firms with fewer than 500 employees. Congressional district boundaries correspond to the 119th Congress. Statistics of U.S. Businesses are produced through a partnership between the Office of Advocacy and the Census Bureau. Where notes refer to the “source of original data,” values shown may have been approximated because of missing values in the original data. Electronic versions of this and other [geographic profiles](#) are available online, along with technical notes about data, methods, and definitions. Visit advocacy.sba.gov for additional resources.

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U.S. SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
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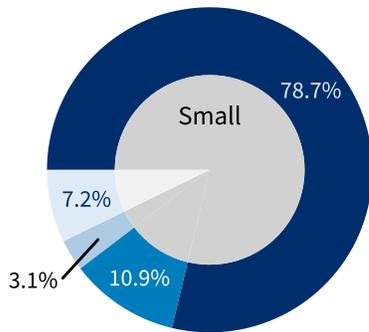
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Alabama Congressional District 2

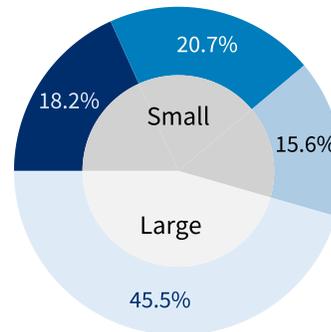


10,551 small businesses with employees
92.8 percent of district employers

116,389 employees of small businesses
54.5 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20 ■ 20 to 99 ■ 100 to 499 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,418	100	13	25
Retail Trade	1,304	147	34	175
Construction	1,038	106	14	10
Health Care and Social Assistance	885	180	58	90
Accommodation and Food Services	752	227	31	82
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	905	59	22	48
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	472	62	28	68
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	432	21	17	33
Manufacturing	288	91	44	63
Transportation and Warehousing	350	50	21	48
Wholesale Trade	290	82	47	104
Finance and Insurance	330	38	27	90
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	141	26	4	6
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	144	13	3	3
Educational Services	95	28	10	8
Information	80	17	7	36
Management of Companies and Enterprises	4	18	11	24
Utilities	10	8	2	5
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	11	*	*	1
Industries not classified	14	0	0	0
All industries	8,955	1,239	357	822

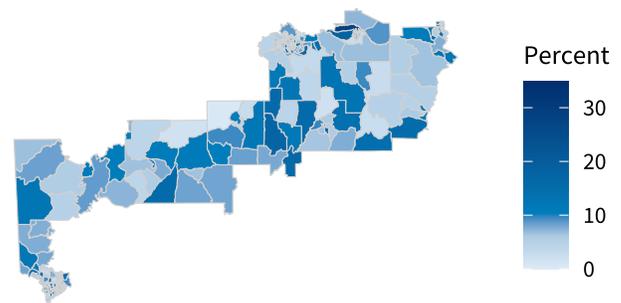
* Not available; Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 8.3 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 2.4 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$62,377, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$43,821. The median income for all workers in the district was \$48,885.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,531	98.4	9,944	93.7	309,465	91.5
Retail Trade	1,485	89.5	12,641	36.9	501,631	45.4
Construction	1,158	99.1	9,678	95.5	551,445	94.8
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,123	92.6	18,421	53.0	916,684	51.2
Accommodation and Food Services	1,010	92.5	15,867	58.2	296,278	56.2
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	986	95.4	6,344	69.3	393,141	64.8
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	562	89.2	7,111	47.8	247,368	50.4
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	470	93.4	2,159	77.3	96,079	71.5
Manufacturing	423	87.0	11,738	41.1	537,428	35.9
Transportation and Warehousing	421	89.8	3,944	40.5	183,990	40.0
Wholesale Trade	419	80.1	5,831	58.0	367,866	57.7
Finance and Insurance	395	81.4	4,055	58.7	261,481	54.1
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	171	96.6	2,271	87.5	45,176	88.5
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	160	98.2	1,446	97.8	82,274	98.9
Educational Services	133	94.3	2,462	78.1	77,521	73.9
Information	104	74.3	1,097	44.0	57,712	42.5
Management of Companies and Enterprises	33	57.9	407	22.7	32,257	21.0
Utilities	20	80.0	799	27.3	60,572	19.0
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	15	93.8	156	98.7	9,832	99.1
Industries not classified	14	100.0	18	100.0	381	100.0
All industries	10,551	92.8	116,389	54.5	5,028,581	52.9

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

About this profile

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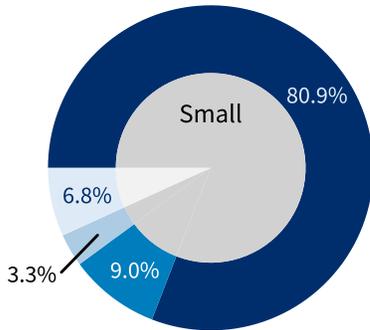
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Alabama Congressional District 3

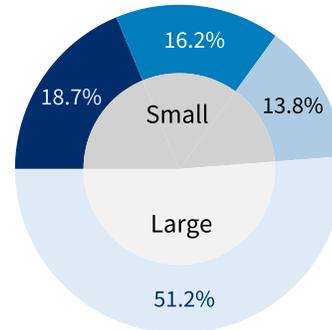


9,290 small businesses with employees
93.2 percent of district employers

89,445 employees of small businesses
48.8 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20
 ■ 20 to 99
 ■ 100 to 499
 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Retail Trade	1,254	125	32	128
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,328	68	4	22
Construction	961	84	18	8
Accommodation and Food Services	726	158	44	70
Health Care and Social Assistance	707	140	37	81
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	716	42	12	33
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	473	33	17	49
Manufacturing	314	90	68	94
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	365	16	13	33
Transportation and Warehousing	305	27	17	43
Wholesale Trade	251	59	29	59
Finance and Insurance	263	26	34	66
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	123	4	1	1
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	104	12	3	8
Educational Services	81	10	3	2
Information	72	10	6	29
Management of Companies and Enterprises	4	7	10	16
Utilities	8	4	2	6
Industries not classified	10	0	0	0
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	3	*	*	7
All industries	8,064	900	326	680

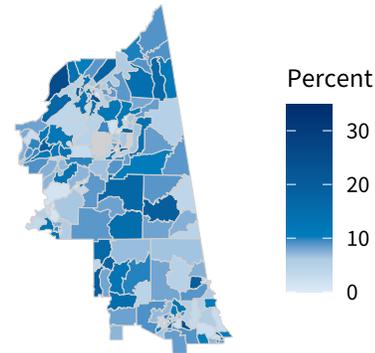
* Not available; Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 9.1 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 3.3 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$61,810, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$50,903. The median income for all workers in the district was \$51,730.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Retail Trade	1,411	91.7	10,705	37.4	379,311	42.4
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,400	98.5	7,355	94.6	207,785	92.6
Construction	1,063	99.3	8,483	92.4	476,829	85.8
Accommodation and Food Services	928	93.0	13,319	58.9	246,377	59.3
Health Care and Social Assistance	884	91.6	11,469	44.7	488,491	38.8
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	770	95.9	3,682	74.6	194,037	76.1
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	523	91.4	4,310	35.6	144,986	39.4
Manufacturing	472	83.4	14,001	32.9	691,178	28.4
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	394	92.3	1,332	66.5	54,739	59.1
Transportation and Warehousing	349	89.0	3,923	44.7	169,635	45.2
Wholesale Trade	339	85.2	3,591	64.7	202,995	63.8
Finance and Insurance	323	83.0	2,629	58.9	144,630	52.3
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	128	99.2	787	99.9	35,402	99.7
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	119	93.7	1,115	71.5	25,546	64.3
Educational Services	94	97.9	1,431	49.2	39,922	40.7
Information	88	75.2	798	41.1	41,237	39.0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	21	56.8	131	33.9	12,779	31.9
Utilities	14	70.0	326	30.7	28,876	29.4
Industries not classified	10	100.0	4	100.0	183	100.0
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	5	41.7	54	10.2	2,374	6.5
All industries	9,290	93.2	89,445	48.8	3,587,312	45.3

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

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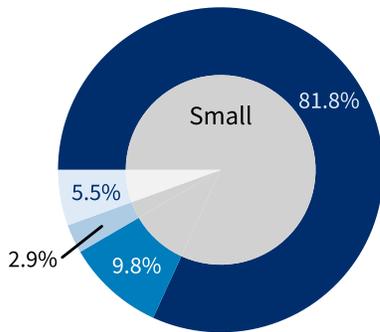
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Alabama Congressional District 4

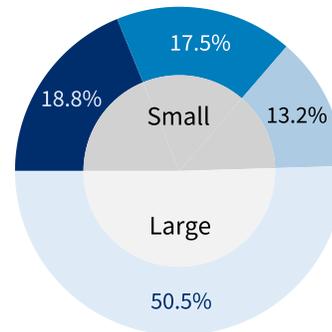


10,091 small businesses with employees
94.5 percent of district employers

99,463 employees of small businesses
49.5 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20 ■ 20 to 99 ■ 100 to 499 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Retail Trade	1,543	161	34	112
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,363	76	5	23
Health Care and Social Assistance	882	167	50	73
Construction	982	78	9	9
Accommodation and Food Services	643	178	43	56
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	761	33	8	16
Manufacturing	412	125	61	106
Transportation and Warehousing	408	40	7	38
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	376	31	14	36
Wholesale Trade	323	70	26	65
Finance and Insurance	308	38	34	63
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	331	19	16	17
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	128	11	1	4
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	114	*	*	2
Information	75	8	5	20
Educational Services	54	10	3	2
Management of Companies and Enterprises	6	8	18	18
Utilities	12	5	4	3
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	12	4	4	6
Industries not classified	14	0	0	0
All industries	8,740	1,044	307	592

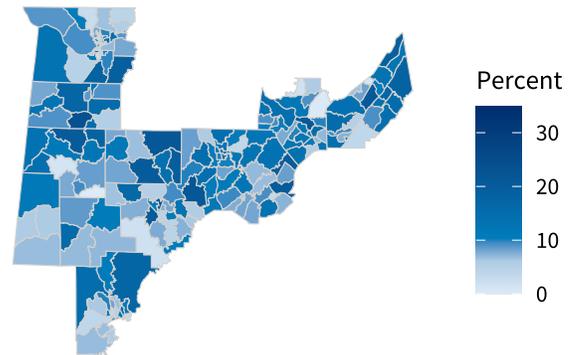
* Not available; Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 9.5 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 3.1 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$64,367, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$54,808. The median income for all workers in the district was \$51,053.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Retail Trade	1,738	93.9	14,138	45.6	523,842	52.9
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,444	98.4	7,531	91.7	212,206	89.8
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,099	93.8	16,865	52.3	769,832	49.2
Construction	1,069	99.2	7,654	82.7	403,489	82.5
Accommodation and Food Services	864	93.9	13,184	62.8	241,104	63.0
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	802	98.0	3,846	84.1	178,392	65.5
Manufacturing	598	84.9	15,013	27.9	745,184	27.1
Transportation and Warehousing	455	92.3	3,131	44.0	157,799	38.4
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	421	92.1	3,519	36.2	139,495	40.5
Wholesale Trade	419	86.6	4,272	56.1	228,877	57.3
Finance and Insurance	380	85.8	3,941	62.9	222,780	58.1
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	366	95.6	1,651	84.8	64,295	78.2
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	140	97.2	989	90.8	21,568	91.3
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	116	98.3	533	96.6	23,297	94.8
Information	88	81.5	762	32.8	30,488	19.7
Educational Services	67	97.1	931	96.0	17,691	86.5
Management of Companies and Enterprises	32	64.0	614	33.1	41,759	19.8
Utilities	21	87.5	516	62.5	46,928	59.7
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	20	76.9	358	70.3	23,474	67.7
Industries not classified	14	100.0	15	100.0	1,047	100.0
All industries	10,091	94.5	99,463	49.5	4,093,547	46.2

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

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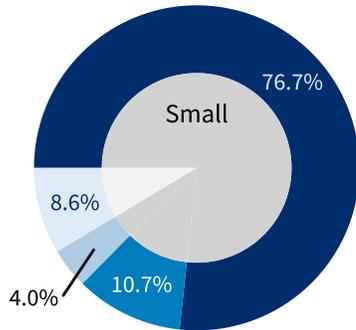
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Alabama Congressional District 5

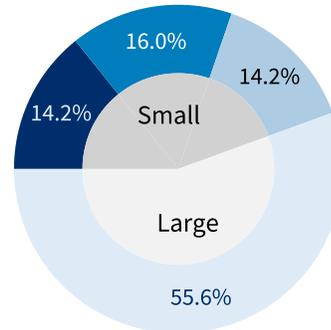


11,203 small businesses with employees
91.4 percent of district employers

125,156 employees of small businesses
44.4 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20 ■ 20 to 99 ■ 100 to 499 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,257	166	106	126
Retail Trade	1,280	142	52	207
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,156	182	43	91
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,262	108	11	26
Construction	1,063	120	32	28
Accommodation and Food Services	699	203	33	93
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	575	27	22	48
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	537	56	27	78
Manufacturing	332	120	45	108
Wholesale Trade	294	77	64	122
Finance and Insurance	327	34	29	91
Transportation and Warehousing	230	32	22	63
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	156	29	6	7
Educational Services	121	20	5	10
Information	68	16	8	38
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	30	*	*	0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	2	10	10	23
Industries not classified	10	0	0	0
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	5	*	*	3
Utilities	*	*	3	4
All industries	9,398	1,315	490	1,054

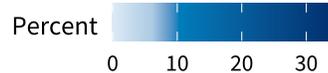
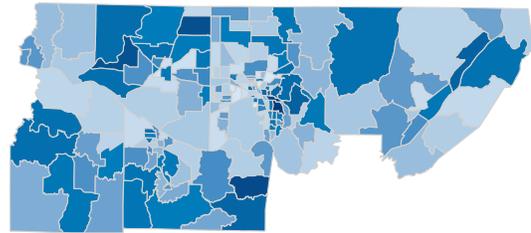
* Not available; Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 7.7 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 2.8 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$67,053, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$51,499. The median income for all workers in the district was \$60,982.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,529	92.4	21,289	41.5	1,993,775	38.3
Retail Trade	1,474	87.7	12,306	36.0	554,411	46.9
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,381	93.8	17,774	42.6	930,952	42.9
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,381	98.2	9,214	83.6	264,377	70.5
Construction	1,215	97.7	12,179	79.0	728,618	76.5
Accommodation and Food Services	935	91.0	14,375	54.7	294,171	54.2
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	624	92.9	2,102	72.6	107,332	67.7
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	620	88.8	5,784	44.3	248,958	47.1
Manufacturing	497	82.1	12,489	26.0	672,815	19.9
Wholesale Trade	435	78.1	5,226	64.3	352,254	60.2
Finance and Insurance	390	81.1	2,510	37.2	165,646	33.3
Transportation and Warehousing	284	81.8	2,607	31.6	120,326	23.3
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	191	96.5	3,146	87.5	63,051	87.9
Educational Services	146	93.6	1,770	46.5	59,821	45.2
Information	92	70.8	1,679	31.4	129,721	32.9
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	31	100.0	120	100.0	5,978	100.0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	22	48.9	419	29.0	48,926	27.2
Industries not classified	10	100.0	15	100.0	244	100.0
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	6	66.7	51	20.6	3,609	21.4
Utilities	6	60.0	101	66.9	10,374	62.8
All industries	11,203	91.4	125,156	44.4	6,755,359	40.0

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

About this profile

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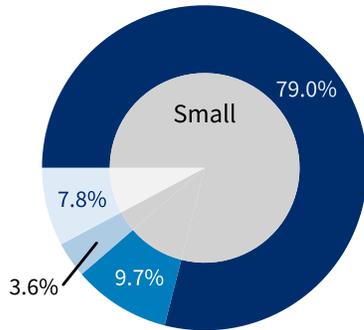
2026 Small Business Profile

Alabama Congressional District 6

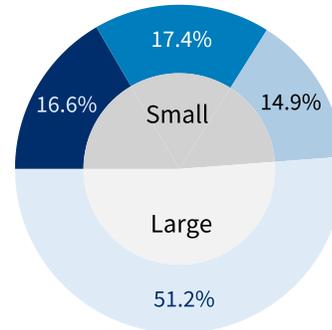


12,268 small businesses with employees
92.2 percent of district employers

124,414 employees of small businesses
48.8 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

- Less than 20
- 20 to 99
- 100 to 499
- 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,504	88	48	71
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,336	114	24	36
Construction	1,287	157	23	45
Retail Trade	1,220	138	52	236
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,005	168	63	90
Accommodation and Food Services	620	203	46	92
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	610	77	34	84
Wholesale Trade	567	96	56	121
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	649	28	30	58
Finance and Insurance	599	40	42	148
Manufacturing	288	70	26	52
Transportation and Warehousing	290	41	13	37
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	174	31	13	15
Educational Services	150	27	3	4
Information	120	13	11	36
Management of Companies and Enterprises	12	15	18	57
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	40	3	1	1
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	13	4	1	5
Industries not classified	18	0	0	0
Utilities	11	*	*	2
All industries	10,506	1,289	473	1,037

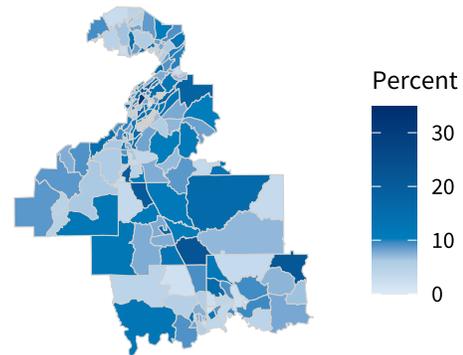
* Not available; Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 9.5 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 4.5 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$70,670, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$47,321. The median income for all workers in the district was \$61,347.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,640	95.9	10,453	75.9	817,635	72.7
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,474	97.6	11,608	83.3	387,992	78.7
Construction	1,467	97.0	13,872	71.4	916,860	66.9
Retail Trade	1,410	85.7	12,279	32.9	548,776	42.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,236	93.2	17,381	50.4	924,993	48.0
Accommodation and Food Services	869	90.4	15,616	57.4	341,132	57.2
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	721	89.6	9,511	46.9	483,946	48.6
Wholesale Trade	719	85.6	6,965	55.8	622,072	55.6
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	707	92.4	2,989	69.2	299,497	74.4
Finance and Insurance	681	82.1	3,971	18.5	325,980	15.1
Manufacturing	384	88.1	7,881	48.0	461,558	44.5
Transportation and Warehousing	344	90.3	2,946	46.1	167,340	48.0
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	218	93.6	3,377	67.8	107,253	80.7
Educational Services	180	97.8	1,926	99.2	67,953	99.5
Information	144	80.0	2,109	31.4	143,257	25.7
Management of Companies and Enterprises	45	44.1	833	9.8	81,591	8.6
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	44	97.8	354	97.8	24,227	96.9
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	18	78.3	223	44.2	13,658	40.4
Industries not classified	18	100.0	28	100.0	994	100.0
Utilities	13	86.7	92	2.1	9,577	1.6
All industries	12,268	92.2	124,414	48.8	6,746,291	44.3

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

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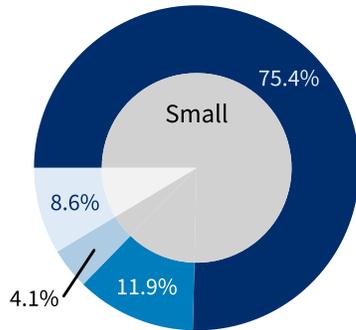
2026 Small Business Profile

Alabama Congressional District 7

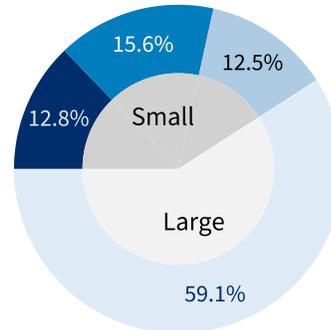


11,447 small businesses with employees
91.4 percent of district employers

133,454 employees of small businesses
40.9 percent of district employees



Employers by size



Employment by size

Employer size

■ Less than 20 ■ 20 to 99 ■ 100 to 499 ■ 500 or more employees

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Employer count by size and industry

Industry	1-19 employees	20-99 employees	100-499 employees	500+ employees
Retail Trade	1,500	160	41	171
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,572	106	19	45
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,196	108	44	68
Health Care and Social Assistance	951	203	67	91
Accommodation and Food Services	789	247	47	97
Construction	811	147	32	28
Wholesale Trade	347	125	90	170
Manufacturing	309	110	52	103
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	400	35	28	49
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	365	70	25	89
Transportation and Warehousing	359	52	32	109
Finance and Insurance	317	35	38	91
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	141	32	3	7
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	135	15	1	6
Information	109	23	9	46
Educational Services	98	36	7	7
Management of Companies and Enterprises	3	19	17	46
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	16	9	1	10
Industries not classified	21	0	0	0
Utilities	10	3	0	3
All industries	9,441	1,492	514	1,078

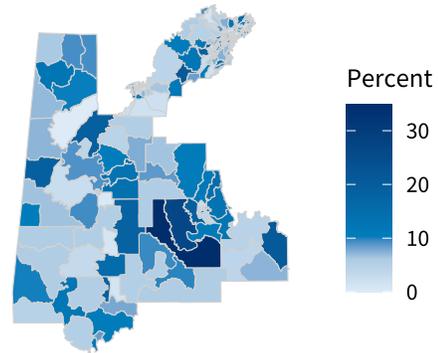
Source of original data: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

Self-employment

In 2024, 7.3 percent of private workers in the congressional district were self-employed, below the national rate of 9.9 percent. The percent of district workers who were self-employed included 3.2 percent of private workers who paid themselves through corporations they owned. The median income of the incorporated self-employed was \$53,938, while the median income of the unincorporated self-employed was \$41,237. The median income for all workers in the district was \$49,925.

Share of workers self-employed by Census tract

Source: [American Community Survey](#) (Census)



Small business employment and payroll by industry

Industry	Employers		Employees		Payroll (\$1,000s)	
	Small	%	Small	%	Small	%
Retail Trade	1,701	90.9	12,763	42.2	489,540	49.6
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,697	97.4	10,714	67.4	366,583	51.9
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	1,348	95.2	10,805	79.3	892,375	71.9
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,221	93.1	19,519	30.3	1,056,889	25.6
Accommodation and Food Services	1,083	91.8	16,502	61.8	344,512	61.1
Construction	990	97.2	12,202	75.3	781,698	70.8
Wholesale Trade	562	76.8	9,721	52.2	666,092	50.6
Manufacturing	471	82.1	12,267	22.7	647,391	17.1
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	463	90.4	3,872	66.3	217,475	69.1
Administrative, Support, and Waste Management	460	83.8	6,504	33.2	303,393	43.1
Transportation and Warehousing	443	80.3	4,909	27.6	267,113	28.0
Finance and Insurance	390	81.1	3,962	23.4	292,168	17.6
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	176	96.2	1,814	71.2	48,424	76.1
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	151	96.2	1,150	93.7	60,775	86.7
Information	141	75.4	1,505	23.0	115,564	20.6
Educational Services	141	95.3	3,699	60.6	122,108	57.7
Management of Companies and Enterprises	39	45.9	863	18.4	66,861	10.4
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	26	72.2	476	19.7	54,784	20.8
Industries not classified	21	100.0	45	100.0	1,352	100.0
Utilities	13	81.3	162	5.5	11,940	3.6
All industries	11,447	91.4	133,454	40.9	6,807,037	34.7

Percentages were calculated by dividing industry totals for small employers by industry totals for all employers.

Source: [Statistics of U.S. Businesses](#), 2022 (Census)

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Technical Notes

Classification of businesses

A single business may encompass multiple establishments if it operates at multiple locations. A business is classified as small in these profiles if it employs fewer than 500 employees across all establishments. Classification by industry is made at the establishment level, so a business encompassing multiple establishments may participate in multiple industries. A business participating in multiple industries would be included in the total for each industry, so the sum of businesses across industries may exceed the total number of businesses. Boundaries for congressional districts correspond to the 119th Congress, which began on January 3, 2025.

Data

All data used in these profiles are publicly available and published online. Data and associated technical documentation can be accessed using the hyperlinks in the source notes for each feature. Years indicated in source notes are the years the data describe, which may not match the naming convention used by the data publisher. Where no year is listed, data from multiple years were used.

Statistics from the American Community Survey describing self-employment represent the population age 16 years and over. Self-employment rates were estimated using values from Table B24080. The total numbers of private workers used in the calculations were the numbers of “private for-profit wage and salary workers” in the table. Median incomes are from Table S2419 and include only income from labor, called “earnings” in the table. Statistics in the text are from 2024 one-year data while values shown in the maps are from 2023 five-year data.

Values were imputed for some features when published data were missing or obviously erroneous. A source note that begins “Source:” indicates that statistics in a feature are as reported by the source, with no imputation. A source note that begins “Source of original data:” indicates that the feature includes an imputed value for at least one profile.

Software

The profiles were created using R with formatting through HTML and CSS. Data visualizations were primarily created using the ggplot2 package in R. Tables were primarily created using the knitr and gt packages. Elements were combined into an HTML document using the knitr package. A PDF document was created from the HTML document using Prince XML.

Rounding

Numbers in these profiles have been rounded if they include a decimal point, with the number of digits after the decimal point indicating the precision preserved under rounding. Numbers ending in 5 were rounded up. For example, 1.05 would be rounded to 1.1, while 1.04 would be rounded to 1.0.

Contact

Any additional information that may be helpful for interpreting or reproducing the analysis is available by request. The SBA Office of Advocacy can be contacted at advocacy@sba.gov.