# 2019 Small Business Profile

REGULATION ● RESEARCH ● OUTREACH

# **North Carolina**



913,398 Small Businesses99.6% of North Carolina Businesses

**1.7 million** Small Business Employees of North Carolina Employees



**72,119** net new jobs





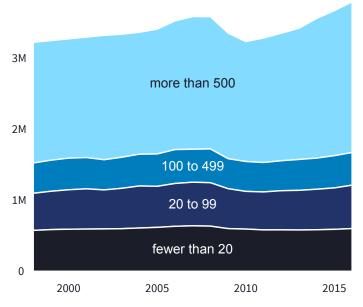
TRADE 9,339 small business exporters

#### **Overall North Carolina Economy**

- In the third quarter of 2018, North Carolina grew at an annual rate of 1.8%, which was slower than the overall US growth rate of 3.4%. North Carolina's 2017 growth rate of 2.4% was up from the 2016 rate of 1.1%. (Source: BEA)
- In February 2019, the unemployment rate was 3.9%, down from 4.2% in February 2018. This was above the February 2019 national unemployment rate of 3.8%. (Source: CPS)

#### Employment

Figure 1: Employment by Business Size (Employees)



- North Carolina small businesses employed 1.7 million people, or 44.1% of the private workforce, in 2016. (Source: SUSB)
- Firms with fewer than 100 employees have the largest share of small business employment. Figure 1 provides further details on firms with employees. (Source: SUSB)
- Private-sector employment increased 1.2% during the 12-month period ending in February 2019. This was below the increase of 1.7% during the prior 12-month period. (Source: CPS)
- The number of proprietors increased in 2017 by 1.8% relative to the previous year. (Source: BEA)
- Small businesses created 72,119 net jobs in 2016. Firms employing fewer than 20 employees experienced the largest gains, adding 42,384 net jobs. The smallest gains were in firms employing 100 to 499 employees, which added 10,760 net jobs. (Source: SUSB)

The Small Business Profiles are produced by the US Small Business Administration's Office of Advocacy (http://advocacy.sba.gov). Each report incorporates the most up-to-date government data to present a unique snapshot of small businesses. Small businesses are defined for this profile as firms employing fewer than 500 employees. Net small business job change, employees of minority-owned businesses, and exporter share statistics are based on the 2016 Statistics of US Businesses (SUSB), 2016 Annual Survey of Entrepreneurs (ASE), and 2016 International Trade Administration (ITA) data, respectively.

#### **Income and Finance**

- The number of banks decreased by 5 between June 2016 and June 2017 to 59 banks. (Source: FDIC)
- In 2017, 163,335 loans under \$100,000 (valued at \$2.7 billion) were issued by North Carolina lending institutions reporting under the Community Reinvestment Act. (Source: FFIEC)
- The median income for individuals self-employed at their own incorporated businesses was \$47,498 in 2017. For individuals self-employed at their own unincorporated firms, this figure was \$21,898. (Source: ACS)

Median income represents earnings from all sources. Unincorporated self-employment income includes unpaid family workers, a very small percent of the unincorporated self-employed.

### **Employer Business Owner Demographics**

Figure 2: North Carolina Employees per Business by Owner's Demographic, 2016

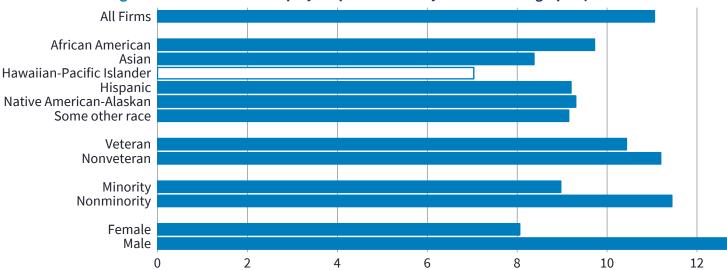
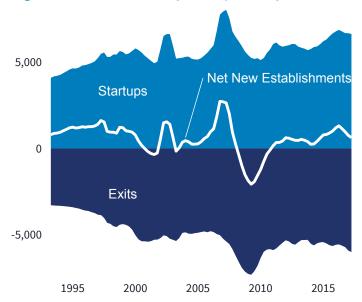


Figure 2 shows the average number of employees per employer business by owner's demographic group according to the 2016 Annual Survey of Entrepreneurs (ASE). Unshaded bars display US values; data were withheld because they do not meet Census Bureau publication standards or could disclose information regarding individual businesses.

## Turnover among Establishments with Employees

Figure 3: North Carolina Quarterly Startups and Exits



- In the third quarter of 2017, 6,577 establishments started up, generating 23,578 new jobs in North Carolina. Startups are counted when business establishments hire at least one employee for the first time. (Source: BDM)
- In the same period, 5,524 establishments exited resulting in 20,143 jobs lost. Exits occur when establishments go from having at least one employee to having none, and then remain closed for at least one year. (Source: BDM)
- Figure 3 displays quarterly startups and exits from 1993 to 2017. Each series is smoothed across multiple quarters to highlight long-run trends. (Source: BDM)

The BLS data covers only business establishments with employees. BLS refers to startups as births and exits as deaths. These terms are distinct from the BLS openings and closings categories. Openings include seasonal re-openings and closings include seasonal shutterings. Quarterly startup and exit values may not align with Figure 3 due to smoothing.

#### **International Trade**

• A total of 10,717 companies exported goods from North Carolina in 2016. Of these, 9,339, or 87.1%, were small firms; they generated 25.1% of North Carolina's \$26.1 billion in total exports. (Source: ITA)

#### Small Business Employment by Industry and Self-Employment by County

Table 1: North Carolina Employment by Industry, 2016

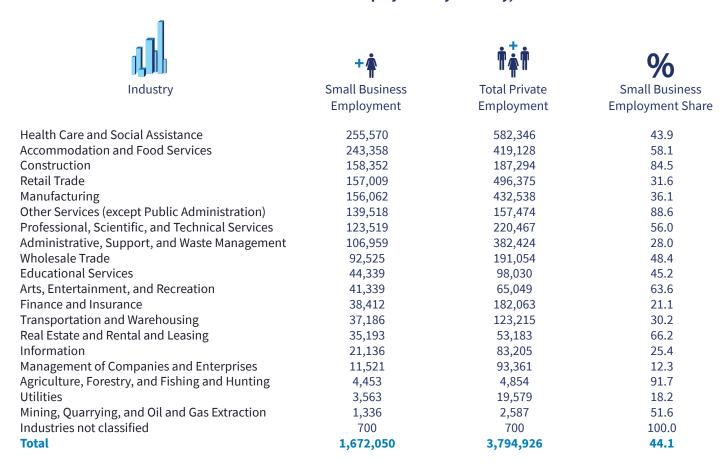


Figure 4: North Carolina Self-Employment Rates by County, 2017

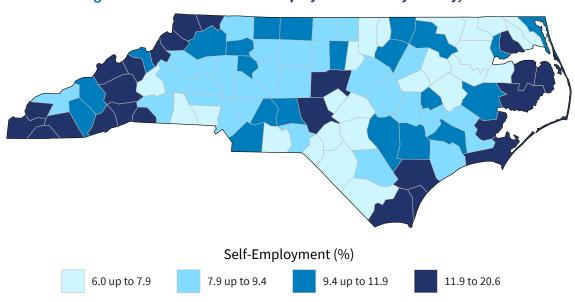
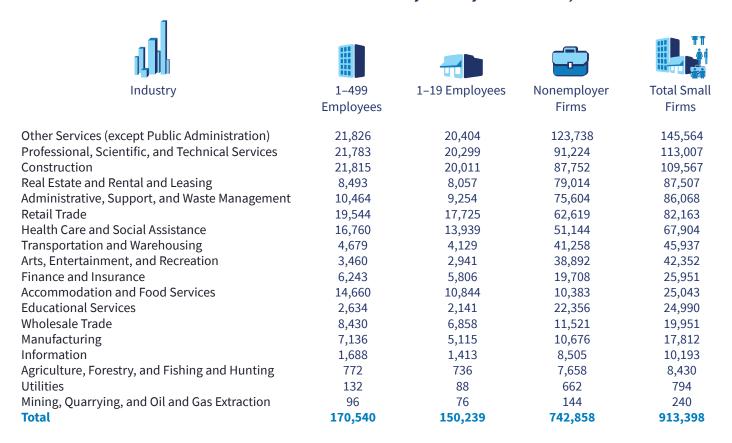


Table 2: North Carolina Small Businesses by Industry and Firm Size, 2016



Tables 1 and 2 display data from the 2016 SUSB. Table 2 includes additional data from the 2016 Nonemployer Statistics (NES). Figure 4 provides estimates of the rate of self-employment among employed civilians, 16 years and over, including both incorporated and unincorporated businesses, from the 2017 American Community Survey (ACS).

#### References

The Small Business Profiles, source data, and methodology are available at https://go.usa.gov/xmb5R.

ACS	American Community Survey, US Census Bureau
ASE	Annual Survey of Entrepreneurs, US Census Bureau
BEA	Bureau of Economic Analysis, US Department of Commerce
BDM	Business Employment Dynamics, BLS
BLS	Bureau of Labor Statistics, US Department of Labor
CPS	Current Population Survey, BLS
FDIC	Call Reports, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
FFIEC	Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council
ITA	International Trade Administration, US Department of Commerce
NES	Nonemployer Statistics, US Census Bureau
SUSB	Statistics of US Businesses, US Census Bureau